

Self-study Programme 400

The Golf Variant 2007



The Golf Variant 2007 – design and variability

The Golf Variant 2007 continues the success story of its predecessor models. In particular, it impresses with its dynamic design, which is characterised by its sporty, dynamic appearance, its innovative exterior, a new rear light design and its typical Golf face.



\$400_003



In terms of product characteristics, the Golf Variant 2007 sets the standards in its class, e.g. as regards:

- safety,
- design, e.g. the new rear light design,
- quality,
- handling,

- the amount of space on offer,
- variability, payload and load securing,
- vehicle dynamics and
- the new panoramic sliding sunroof.



Separate self-study programmes are available on the following current topics:

Self-study programme 390 The 7-speed Double-clutch Gearbox OAM

• Self-study programme 405 The 1.4l 90 kW TSI Engine with Turbocharger

This self-study programme has been created in co-operation with Volkswagen de México erstellt.

NEW Important Note

The self-study programme shows the design and function of new developments.

The contents will not be updated.

For current testing, adjustment and repair instructions, refer to the relevant service literature.

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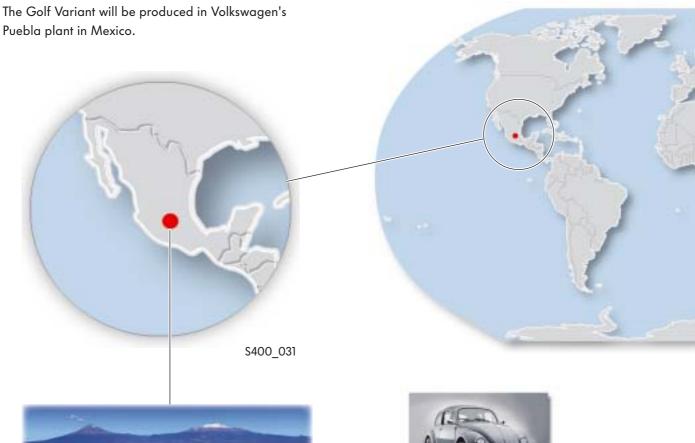




In brief



Where will the Golf Variant be produced?





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The Puebla plant

This plant started operation in 1964 and produced the Beetle. Around 14,000 staff are currently employed in Puebla; amongst other vehicles, they produce the New Beetle and the Jetta. These will now also be joined by the new Golf Variant.

In certain markets, this vehicle will also be marketed under the name Jetta Variant.





S400_080





... Modern clocked assembly lines ...



S400_045

With its high standard of quality, the ultra-modern Puebla plant is one of Volkswagen AG's leading production plants.

The Golf Variant 2007 will be built on the production lines which are already in place for the Jetta in Mexico.

... Modular production ...



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In brief

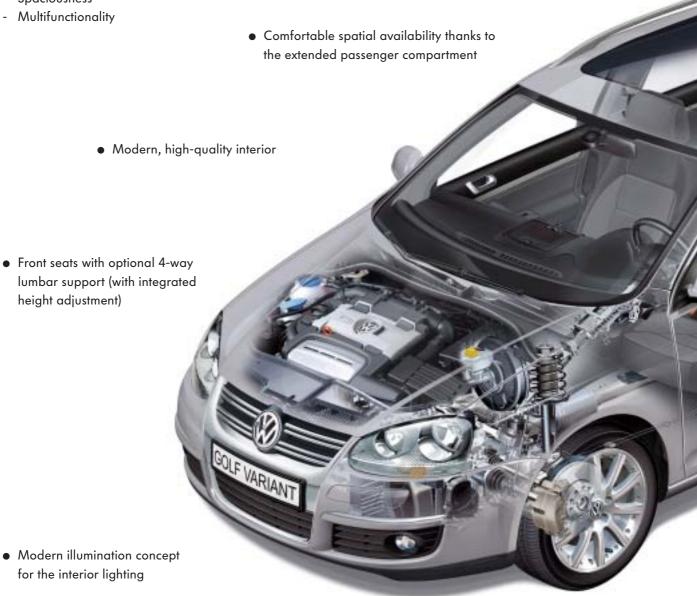


The Golf Variant 2007

In many disciplines, the Golf Variant 2007 again sets the standards in its class, e.g.:

- Safety
- Design
- Quality
- Handling
- Ride comfort
- Spaciousness

• Load compartment concept with extensive storage compartments and securing options

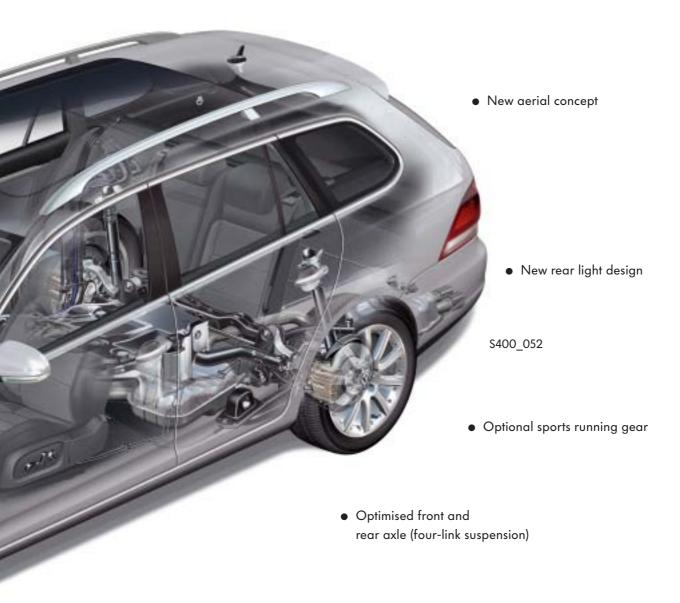


• Electromechanical power steering



Optional panoramic sliding sunroof

High body stiffness



- Increased front and rear track width ensures significantly better vehicle dynamics
- 2C-Climatronic (2-zone climate control)

In brief

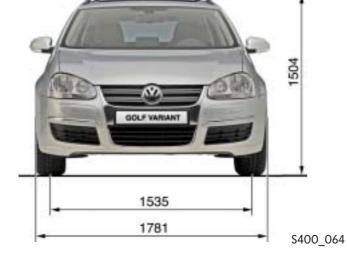


Technical data Golf Variant 2007





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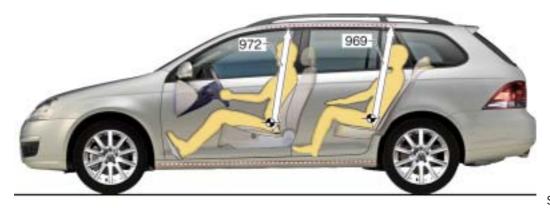


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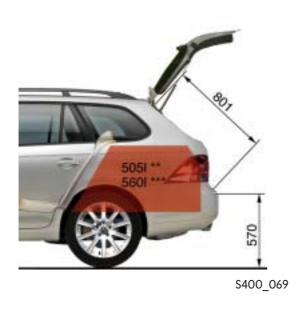
| Length | 4556 mm |
|---|--------------------|
| Width | 1781 mm |
| Height with roof rails | 1504 mm |
| Wheelbase | 2578 mm |
| Roof load | 75 kg |
| Braked towing capacity up to a gradient of 8% | 1500 - 1700 kg* |

| Track width at front | 1535 mm |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Track width at rear | 1508 mm |
| Curb weight | 1278 - 1414 kg* |
| Permissible gross vehicle weight | 1800 kg |
| Tank capacity | 55 litres |
| Drag coefficient | 0.31 C _d |

Passenger compartment dimensions



\$400_068





The dimensions given in the pictures are in mm.

| Front headroom | 972 mm |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Rear headroom | 969 mm |
| Luggage compartment aperture | 801 mm |
| Through loading width | 1014 mm |

| Height of load sill | 570 mm |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Luggage compartment volume | 505 litres** |
| | 560 litres*** |

- * Depending on engine
- ** Without variable load floor
- *** With variable load floor

Body structure

The basic characteristics of the Golf Variant's body are based on the Jetta body.



Laser welding technology

The laser welding concept familiar from the Jetta will be successfully continued in the Golf Variant for the variant-specific components in the rear area.

In addition to the advantages already described for the Jetta, a significantly stiffer rear end is achieved due to laser welding.

This makes a vital contribution to the stiffness of the vehicle as a whole.

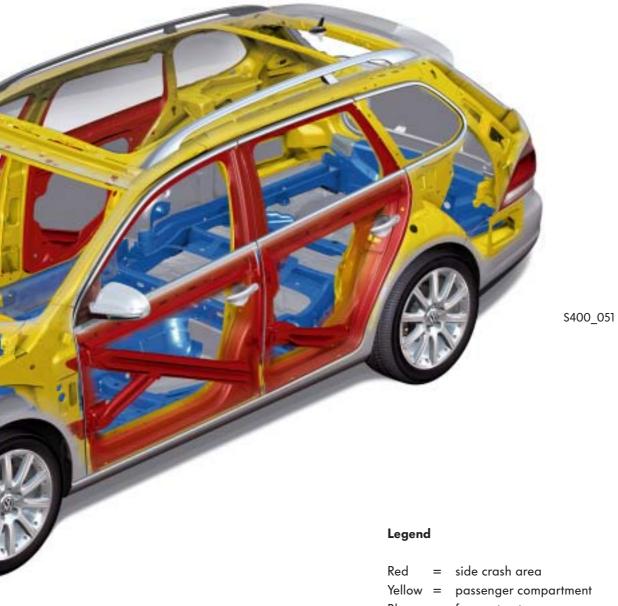


Static and dynamic stiffness

The Golf Variant sets standards in terms of static and dynamic stiffness. Its static stiffness is around 39% greater than that of its predecessor.

Dynamic stiffness has been increased as follows:

- 16% in torsion
- 32% in flexion





Blue = frame structure



Further information on the body can be found in self-study programme No. 354 "The Jetta 2006".

Features

In the front area of the body, approximately up to the B-pillar, the Golf Variant takes equipment elements from the Jetta.



Doors

The front doors have the door concept familiar from the Jetta. The design of the rear doors is conventional, using an assembly carrier.

Front seats

The front seats in the Golf Variant can be adjusted either mechanically or electrically. A front passenger seat with through-loading function is optionally available.



Rear lights

In the Golf Variant, the rear lights are not split, and are integrated into the relevant, rear body side panel. Thanks to the lights, which project into the side panel, visibility to the rear and also to the side is extensively improved.

Rear seat bench

The rear seat bench is split 60:40 and can be folded.

Rear side windows

The aerials for radio reception are integrated into the rear side windows.



Tailgate

The tailgate gives access to a large load compartment aperture. It is opened manually, whilst raising is supported by gas-filled struts.

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Load compartment

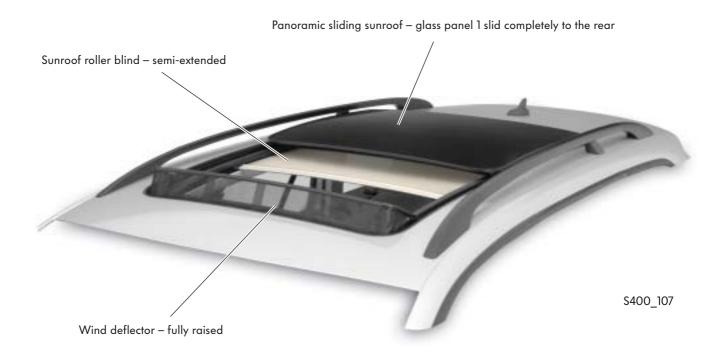
The luggage compartment, which is larger than that of the predecessor, can be put to multiple uses. This is achieved by the storage compartments in the optionally available, variable load floor, the securing options and the folding concept for the rear seat bench.

Panoramic sliding sunroof

The Golf Variant can be optionally equipped with panoramic sliding sunroof.



The panoramic sliding sunroof can be opened to a maximum length of 660 mm. In comparison with conventional sliding sunroofs, it offers the advantage that more light enters into the vehicle's passenger compartment. The panoramic sliding sunroof offers a sense of space comparable with that of a convertible, but with less draught. Unlike in a convertible, the fact that the occupants are better enclosed within the body increases significantly better accident protection.



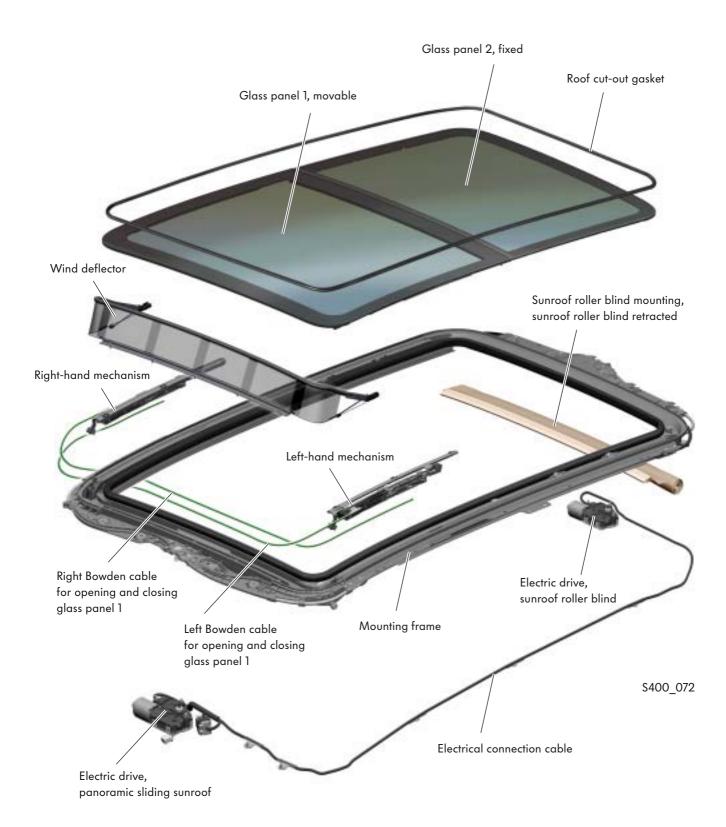
The panoramic sliding sunroof is a large glass roof consisting of two glass panels. It is bolted to a reinforcement frame in the body's roof structure. The seal between the panoramic sliding sunroof and the body is achieved by means of a gasket on the body side.

The special feature of the panoramic sliding sunroof is guidance of the front panel over the rear, fixed glass panel into the sliding position. The glass panel is raised and moved via electrically driven Bowden cables.

To protect against excess sunlight, the panoramic sliding sunroof is equipped with an electrically driven sunroof roller blind.

The panoramic sliding sunroof is also equipped with an extending wind deflector.

Components (exploded diagram)





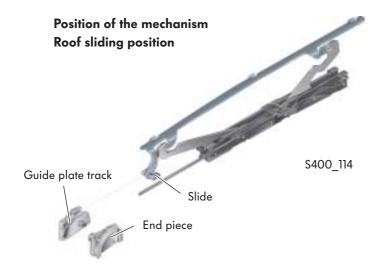
Adjustment of glass panel 1

Glass panel 1 is moved to the relevant position via a mechanism in the panoramic sliding sunroof.

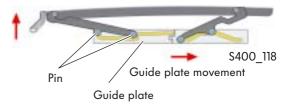
The mechanism is driven via an electric motor by means of a Bowden cable attached on both the left and right-hand sides. The Bowden cables move the mechanism within an adjustment range; the relevant roof positions can be reached in this way. By means of the front end pieces with separate guide plate tracks and the relevant slides, glass panel 1 is clearly positioned in the front area.



At the start of the tilting movement, the rear section of the roof is raised via a guide plate and pins which run in this. The roof moves to the vent position.



Sliding position



If the Bowden cable continues to be moved, starting from the vent position, the front section of the mechanism is also raised and glass panel 1 is moved to the sliding position.

This is also carried out by means of a guide plate and pins running in it. The slide runs towards the separate end piece and guide plate track. Glass panel 1 can then be moved backwards over fixed glass panel 2.

When closing, the process runs in reverse order.

Operation

The panoramic sliding sunroof and the sunroof roller blind are operated via a common switch in the display in the front area of the roof lining. This switch has three functions and adjustment options:

- Turning the switch to move glass panel 1 to the sliding position
- Pressing the switch to move glass panel 1 to the vent position
- Short or long push on the sunroof roller blind buttons (one-touch or jog mode) to move the sunroof roller blind

Emergency actuation

If the situation necessitates, glass panel 1 or the sunroof roller blind can be closed after blocking by constantly pulling on the switch or via jog mode. To do this, the rotating ring must be in the "sliding sunroof closed" position. Glass panel 1 is then closed without closing force limitation.

Emergency adjustment

If the panoramic sliding sunroof can no longer be adjusted electrically, closing can alternatively be carried out via mechanical emergency adjustment using a tool (Allen key, 4 mm).

As a result of mechanical emergency adjustment, all values (pre-selection positions, protection ranges and partial trapping force limit value increases) are "erased".

Malfunctions such as, e.g. closing force limitation triggering, may therefore occur when glass panel 1 is next adjusted. Following emergency adjustment, a workshop visit is therefore vital to re-adjust the panoramic sliding sunroof.

Display in the roof lining

Switch for

panoramic sliding sunroof



\$400 084



Rotating ring

Open, press switch press function for vent position

Close, pull switch pull function for zero position and emergency closing

\$400 081

Sunroof roller blind button "open"

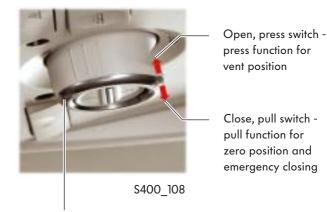




Raising glass panel 1 to the vent position

When raising glass panel 1 to the vent position, the following situations are possible:

- In rotating ring position "roof closed", pressing the switch raises glass panel 1 to the vent position.
- Glass panel 1 can be closed by pulling on the switch; it moves back to the zero position.



Switch display in rotating ring position "roof closed" on use of the press and pull function

Automatic operation = actuate switch briefly

Manual operation = actuate switch for a longer
time

Emergency actuation

If the situation necessitates, glass panel 1 can be closed after stopping by constantly pulling on the switch. Glass panel 1 is then closed without closing force limitation.



Glass panel 1 raised to vent position, vent position

Sunroof roller blind closed

S400_101

Opening glass panel 1

- To move glass panel 1 backwards over glass panel 2 to the sliding position, the rotating ring on the switch must be turned clockwise from the zero position. In this case, the panoramic sliding sunroof is opened to different lengths depending on the setting position.
- From the first position for sliding position, the wind deflector is raised.
- The panoramic sliding sunroof has a comfort position; this is separately identified by a mark. The length to which the roof is opened in the comfort position ensures that wind noise is extensively avoided during driving.
- The rotating ring no longer engages at the end of the sliding position. To open the roof completely, the rotating ring must be rotated to the end in the direction of rotation and must be held until the roof is open.



Emergency actuation

If the situation necessitates, glass panel 1 can be closed after stopping by constantly pulling on the switch. Glass panel 1 is then closed without closing force limitation.





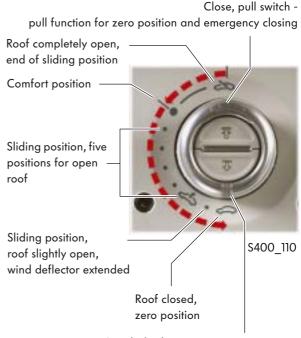
Closing glass panel 1

When closing glass panel 1, the following situations are possible:

 To move glass panel 1 forwards from the sliding position to the zero position and therefore close the panoramic sliding sunroof, the rotating ring on the switch must be rotated from its present position, counter clockwise, to the rotating ring position "roof closed".

The panoramic sliding sunroof closes automatically.

 To move glass panel 1 downwards from the vent position to the zero position and therefore close the panoramic sliding sunroof, the switch must be pulled down (pull function – see "Raising glass panel 1 to the vent position"). The panoramic sliding sunroof closes automatically.



Switch display in rotating ring position "roof closed" on use of the push and pull function

Emergency actuation

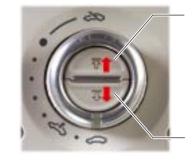
If the situation necessitates, glass panel 1 can be closed after stopping by constantly pulling on the switch. Glass panel 1 is then closed without closing force limitation.



Opening and closing the sunroof roller blind

The panoramic sliding sunroof is supplemented by an electrically driven sunroof roller blind, which is installed in the rear area of the panoramic sliding sunroof.

The roller blind can be opened or closed by pressing the buttons within the switch. In this case, it is electrically extended or retracted beneath the two glass panels in the assembly frame guides.. The sunroof roller blind can be actuated regardless of the position of glass panel 1.



Open sunroof roller blind - sunroof roller blind button "open"

Close sunroof roller blind sunroof roller blind button "close"

S400_111

5400_III

Automatic operation = actuate sunroof roller blind

button briefly

Manual operation = actuate sunroof roller blind

button for a longer time



If the situation necessitates, and the sunroof roller blind fails to close due to mechanical sluggishness, it can be closed via jog mode. The sunroof roller blind is then closed without closing force limitation.



For the possible sunroof roller blind operating variants, please refer to the owner's manual.



\$400_099

Sunroof roller blind half open

Glass panel 1 completely open, end of sliding position



S400_103

Automatic and manual adjustment of the panoramic sliding sunroof and the sunroof roller blind



The panoramic sliding sunroof and the sunroof roller blind are operated via a common operating unit. This contains button 1 for tilting roof E582, button 1 for sunroof roller blind E584 and sliding sunroof adjustment regulator E139.

All control information is read in and processed directly by sliding sunroof adjustment control unit J245.

Sliding sunroof adjustment control unit J245 is integrated into the LIN data bus and controls the opening and closing of the panoramic sliding sunroof. Sliding sunroof motor V1 is also integrated into sliding sunroof adjustment control unit J245.

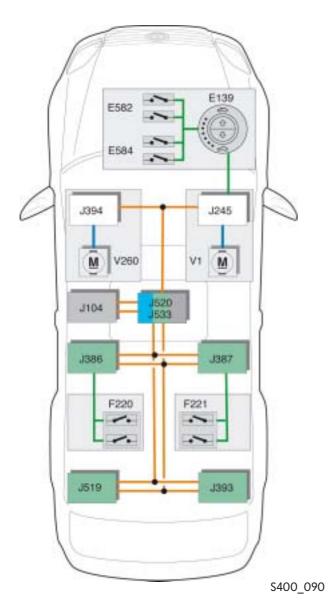
Sunroof roller blind control unit J394 is also integrated into the LIN data bus and controls the opening and closing of the sunroof roller blind.

Sunroof roller blind motor V260 is also integrated into sunroof roller blind control unit J394.

Via onboard supply control unit 2 J520, which is integrated into data bus diagnostic interface J533, the information from other control units is also read in:

- The driver door control unit J386 evaluates the information from driver side central locking lock unit F220 and actuation of the central locking system button on the driver side.
- The driver door control unit J386 evaluates the information from front passenger side central locking lock unit F221 and actuation of the central locking system button on the front passenger side.
- The convenience system central control unit J393 evaluates the opening of the driver or front passenger door after switching off the ignition. If these are not opened after switching off the ignition, a power-down time of ten minutes runs (high release signal).
 - Ten minutes after switching off the ignition, release for the panoramic sliding sunroof should be widhdrawn via a request from the driver door control unit J386 and front passenger door control unit J387 to the convenience system central control unit J393 (low release signal).
 - If, in the event of a fault, release for the panoramic sliding sunroof is not withdrawn after ten minutes, the drive for the panoramic sliding sunfoof and the sunroof roller blind is switched to sleep mode by the onboard supply control unit J519 after a further 25 minutes. Release for the panoramic sliding sunroof and the sunroof roller blind is withdrawn if the ignition is switched off and the driver or front passenger door is opened.
 - The relevant behaviour of the panoramic sliding sunroof and the sunroof roller blind can be coded in the convenience system central control unit J393 and onboard supply control unit 2 J520.
- The ABS control unit J104 reports the speed. Closing force limitation can therefore be reduced at high speeds.
- The onboard supply control unit J519 ensures that terminals 15 and X are enabled.

Functional diagram (panoramic sliding sunroof)



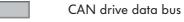
Legend

| E139 E582 E584 | Sliding sunroof adjustment regulator Button 1 for tilting roof Button 1 for roof roller blind |
|----------------------|---|
| F220 | Driver side central locking lock unit |
| F221 | Front passenger side central locking lock unit |
| J104 | ABS control unit |
| J245 | Sliding sunroof adjustment control unit |
| J386 | Driver door control unit |
| J387 | Front passenger door control unit |
| J393 | Convenience system central control unit |
| J394 | Sunroof roller blind control unit |
| J519 | Onboard supply control unit |
| J520 | Onboard supply control unit 2 |
| J533 | Data bus diagnostic interface |
| V1 | Sliding sunroof motor |
| V260 | Sunroof roller blind motor |
| | |



Thermal protection:

Hall sensors for speed and travel detection are integrated into the panoramic sliding sunroof drive. Thermal protection can be calculated from these and with the voltage supply values. The purpose is to achieve misuse protection (play protection).







CAN data bus line

CAN convenience data bus

CAN instrument cluster data bus

____ LIN data bus line

_____ Input

Output



Door concept

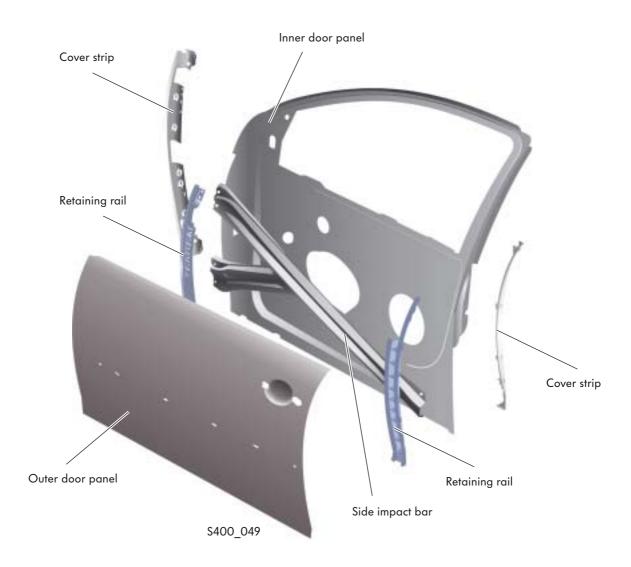
The door concept already familiar from the Jetta is used for the front doors in the Golf Variant.

The design of the rear doors is conventional, using an assembly carrier.



Front doors

The front doors consist of an outer door panel with two retaining rails and an inner door panel for mounting the component parts. The outer door panel is bonded to the retaining rails. The retaining rails are bolted to the inner door section.



Rear doors

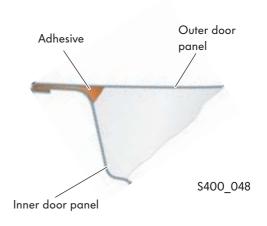
The rear doors consist of an outer door panel and an inner door panel.

The door components are integrated into an assembly carrier, which is bolted to the inner door panel.





The outer door panel is flanged around and bonded to the inner door panel.



A side impact bar is also installed in the door. It is bolted to the inner door panel in the lower area of the door.



Storage compartment concept

The interior of the Golf Variant 2007 is characterised by a multitude of storage compartments and securing options.



• 2 cup holders and 2 storage compartments in the centre console (optional: smoker package)

2 cup holders in the rear centre armrest



• Storage compartments in the front doors, including bottle holder (for max. 11 bottle)

> • In addition to the hook on the grab handle, a coat hook is fitted as standard on the B-pillar trim. The hook is positioned in such a way that a jacket or a coat does not impede visibility through the side window.

> > • Optional pockets on the rear of the front seat backrests



• Small roof console with storage compartment in the solid roof



• Depending on equipment variant, a normal and a cooled storage compartment is available in the rear

area of the centre colsone.

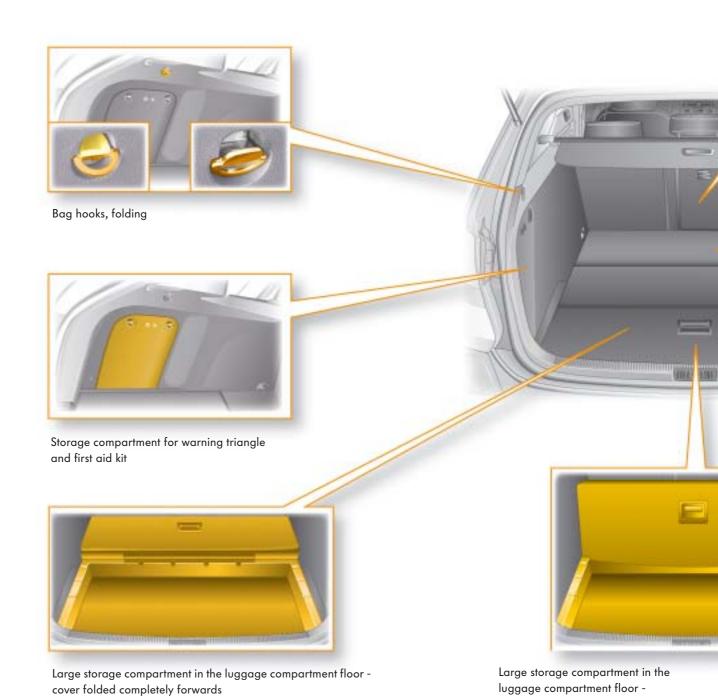
• Extensive storage compartments and securing options in the load compartment

• Good load compartment partitioning thanks to variably adjustable load compartment covers

Load compartment concept

The load compartment in the Golf Variant 2007 has been enlarged in comparison with its predecessor. Its concept has been designed to enable as many, diverse transportation tasks to be carried out as possible.

- Bulky goods can be easily transported thanks e.g. to the folding rear seat backrest (split 60 : 40).
 A front passenger seat with through-loading function is optionally available.
- The rear seat backrest can be folded to form a flat load floor thanks to the high mounted pivot point and therefore offers high loading ability.

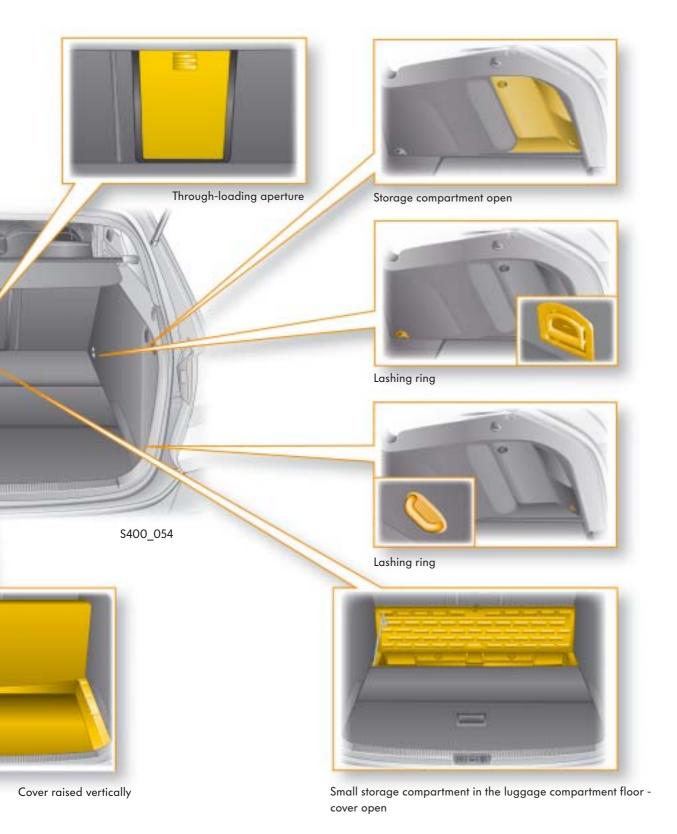


• The compartments in the optionally available, variable load floor offer optimal storage options.

The cover of the large, rear storage compartment can be folded over completely or raised to various angles.

This enables the load compartment to be sub-divided into separate areas.





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Occupant protection

Safety equipment

The Golf Variant is fitted with the safety equipment familiar from the Jetta.

• Driver and front passenger airbags

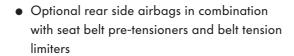
 The front passenger airbag can be deactivated via a key switch in the storage compartment on the front passenger side.



driver and front passenger

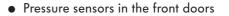
• Seat belt prompt for

• Seat belt pre-tensioners and belt tension limiters for the front seats



• 3-point seat belts on all seats

 Isofix attachment points on the rear, outer seats





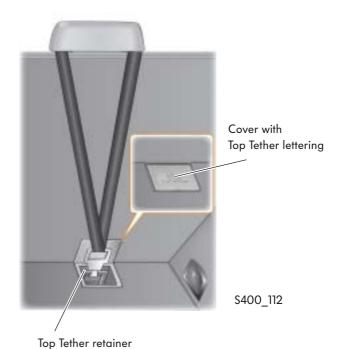
• Side airbag in the front seats with two chambers



 Acceleration sensors in the rear wheel housing liners

Top Tether

The Golf Variant is equipped with the Top Tether system.



The Top Tether system serves to secure a child seat more firmly. In this case, an additional, upper belt on the child seat is attached to corresponding retainers on the vehicle floor behind the rear seat bench.

\$400_055



Further information on the occupant protection systems can be found in self-study programme 318 "The Golf 2004".



Engines

Engine/gearbox combinations

| Petrol engine | 5-speed manual gearbox OAF | 5-speed manual gearbox 0A4 | 6-speed manual gearbox 0AJ |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Diesel engine | | | 0.10 |
| 1.61 75 kW petrol engine with 2-valve technology | | | |
| 1.4l 90 kW TSI engine with turbocharger | | | |
| 1.4l 103 kW/125 kW TSI engines with dual charging | | | |
| 2.0l 147 kW TSI engine with turbocharger | | | |
| 1.91 77 kW TDI engine with 2-valve technology | | | |
| 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine with 4-valve technology | | | |
| 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine with 2-valve technology | | | |



| 6-speed manual gearbox 02S | 6-speed manual gearbox 02Q | 6-speed automatic gearbox 09G | 6-speed direct- shift gearbox 02E | 7-speed double-clutch gearbox 0AM |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | |
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Engines

The new engine code system

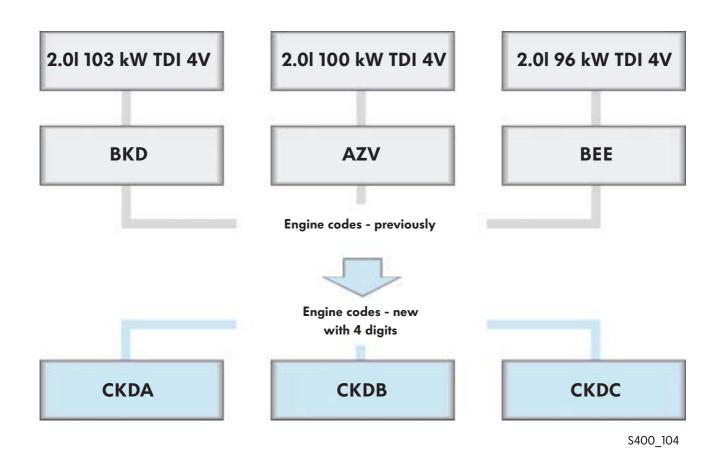
To reduce engine code diversity, the 3-digit engine codes will be provided with a new, fourth digit. This applies only to engines with an identical, basic engine but different outputs In the case of these engines, output differentiation takes place solely via the engine control unit, in which case the software is adapted to implement the different output and torque. Engines with a modified emissions concept will not be provided with changed engine codes.

The new engine code generation can be recognised as follows:

- The first digit of the engine codes is a "C".
- The 3-digit engine codes will continue to be used on the engine block.
- The 4-digit engine codes can only be seen on the vehicle data sticker, the control unit and the model plate.



The assignment of the new engine codes is shown using the following example case:



Where does identification take place?

The 4-digit engine codes are written on the control unit, the model plate and the vehicle data sticker.

Sticker on the engine control unit





Vehicle data sticker



S400_094

Model plate



S400_093

The 3-digit engine code will be retained as part of the engine number; these are stamped onto the engine block.

A sticker with the engine codes and a sequential number is affixed onto the engine in the visible area (toothed belt guard, valve cover).

Engine code on the engine block



S400_095

Sticker with engine code



S400_096



Engines

The 1.61 75 kW petrol engine with 2-valve technology

This engine is identical to the 1.61 75 kW petrol engine fitted in the current Jetta.

Technical features

- 2-valve roller rocker arm
- Aluminium engine block with ribbed sump
- Secondary air system
- Plastic variable intake manifold
- Pressure sensor system, previously hot-film air mass meter (HFM)
- Omission of the crankcase breather, venting only via the cylinder head
- Omission of the exhaust gas recirculation system

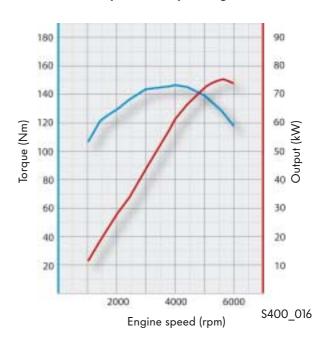


S400_015

Technical data

| Engine code | BSE |
|--------------------------|--|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine |
| Displacement | 1595 cm ³ |
| Bore | 81 mm |
| Stroke | 77.4 mm |
| Valves per cylinder | 2 |
| Compression ratio | 10.3 : 1 |
| Maximum output | 75 kW at 5600 rpm |
| Maximum torque | 148 Nm at 3800 rpm |
| Engine management | Simos 7.1 |
| Fuel | Super unleaded RON 95 (normal unleaded RON 91 with reduction in performance) |
| Exhaust gas treatment | Probe before catalytic converter linear lambda probe, Probe after catalytic converter: transient probe |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 |

Torque and output diagram



The 1.4l 90 kW TSI engine with turbocharger

The 1.41 90 kW TSI engine is a further example of the TSI engine model series. However, it is charged using a turbocharger. It replaces the 1.61 85 kW FSI engine, and offers significantly better performance than this engine with considerably lower fuel consumption.

Technical features

- Homogenous mode (Lambda 1)
- Turbocharger with waste gate
- Plastic intake manifold with integrated charge air cooler
- Liquid-cooled charge air cooler
- Dual-circuit cooling system
- Fuel system regulated according to requirements
- High-pressure fuel pump with integrated pressure limiting valve
- Innovative combustion process with intake manifold flap change-over

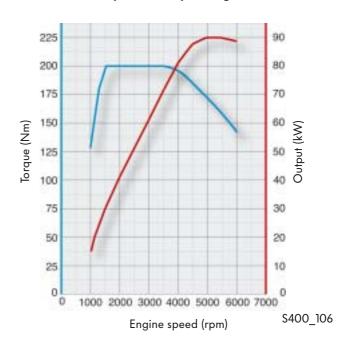




Further information on this engine can be found in self-study programme 405 "The 1.41 90 kW TSI Engine with Turbocharger".

Technical data

| Engine code | CAXA | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine | | |
| Displacement | 1390 cm ³ | | |
| Bore | 76.5 mm | | |
| Stroke | 75.6 mm | | |
| Valves per cylinder | 4 | | |
| Compression ratio | 10 : 1 | | |
| Maximum output | 90 kW at 5500 rpm | | |
| Maximum torque | 200 Nm at | | |
| | 1500-3500 rpm | | |
| Engine management | Bosch Motronic MED 17.5.20 | | |
| Fuel | Super unleaded RON 95 | | |
| Exhaust gas | Main catalytic converter, | | |
| treatment | Lambda control | | |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 | | |



Engines

The 1.4l 103 kW/125 kW TSI engines with dual-charging

Above all, the special feature of these engines is the combination of direct petrol injection, dual-charging and downsizing.

- In dual-charging, these engines are charged subject to requirements by a mechanical compressor and/or a turbocharger.
- Downsizing means replacing a large-capacity engine with a powerplant with smaller displacement and/or fewer cylinders. This reduces the internal friction and therefore fuel consumption without any reduction in output or torque.

Thanks to this concept, these engines surpass the performance of engines with the same output and also consume less fuel.





Further information on these engines can be found in self-study programme 359 "The 1.4l TSI Engine with Dual-charging".

Technical features

- Two output variants with 103 kW and 125 kW
- Homogenous mode (Lambda 1)
- Double injection catalytic converter heating
- Turbocharger with waste gate
- Additional mechanical supercharger
- Charge air cooling

- Engine cover with vacuum tank for intake manifold flap change-over
- Grey cast iron cylinder block
- Dual-circuit cooling system
- Fuel system regulated according to requirements
- High-pressure fuel pump with a delivery pressure of up to 150 bar



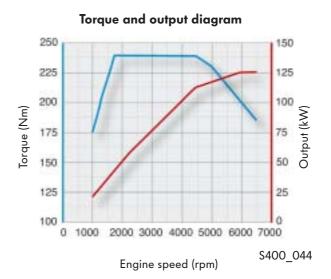
Technical data

1.4l 103 kW TSI engine

Torque and output diagram 250 225 200 175 175 150 125 100 125 100 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000

Engine speed (rpm)

1.4l 125 kW TSI engine



Technical data

| Engine code | BMY | BLG |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine | 4-cylinder in-line engine |
| Displacement | 1390 cm ³ | 1390 cm ³ |
| Bore | 76.5 mm | 76.5 mm |
| Stroke | 75.6 mm | 75.6 mm |
| Valves per cylinder | 4 | 4 |
| Compression ratio | 10 : 1 | 10 : 1 |
| Maximum output | 103 kW at 6000 rpm | 125 kW at 6000 rpm |
| Maximum torque | 220 Nm at 1500 to 4000 rpm | 240 Nm at 1750 to 4500 rpm |
| Engine management | Bosch Motronic MED 17.5.1 | Bosch Motronic MED 17.5.1 |
| Fuel | Super unleaded RON 95 | Super Plus RON 98 (Super unleaded RON 95 with slightly higher consumption and slight torque reduction in the low engine speed range) |
| Exhaust gas treatment | Main catalytic converter, Lambda control | Main catalytic converter, Lambda control |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 | EU 4 |

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The different output and torque levels are achieved using software. The engine mechanics are the same in both engines.

The 2.0l 147 kW TSI engine with turbocharger

The 2.0l 147 kW TSI engine with turbocharger is also fitted in the current Golf GTI, Jetta and Passat Variant models.

Technical features

- Single-pipe exhaust system with starter and underbody catalytic converter mounted near engine
- Ethanol-resistant Hitachi high-pressure pump
- Non-return fuel system
- Homogeneous fuel injection
- Decoupled drive chain wheel in the balancer shaft assembly
- Elliptical toothed belt pulley on crankshaft
- Mechanical brake servo pump
- Continuously adjustable charge air flaps

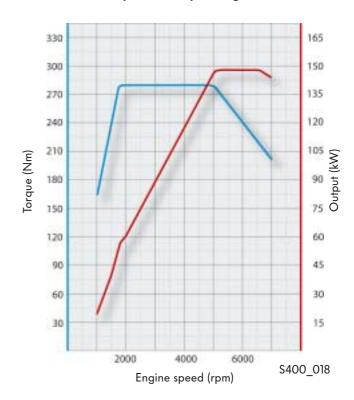




Further information on this engine can be found in self-study programme 337 "The 2.0 I FSI Engine with Turbocharger".

Technical data

| Engine code | BWA | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine | |
| Displacement | 1984 cm ³ | |
| Bore | 82.5 mm | |
| Stroke | 92.8 mm | |
| Compression ratio | 10.5 : 1 | |
| Maximum output | 147 kW at 5100 to 6600 rpm | |
| Maximum torque | 280 Nm at 1800 – 4700 rpm | |
| Engine management | Bosch Motronic MED 9.1 | |
| Camshaft timing adjustment | 42° crank angle | |
| Fuel | Super Plus unleaded RON 98 (Super unleaded RON 95 with slight reduction in performance) | |
| Exhaust gas treatment | Two three-way catalytic converters with Lambda control | |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 | |



The 1.91 77 kW TDI engine with 2-valve technology

The 1.91 77 kW TDI engine is also fitted in the Golf, and has already proved its worth in other Volkswagen models.

Technical features

- Unit injectors with solenoid valves
- Adjustable turbocharger
- Optional engine version with catalytically coated diesel particulate filter
- Switchable cooler for exhaust gas recirculation



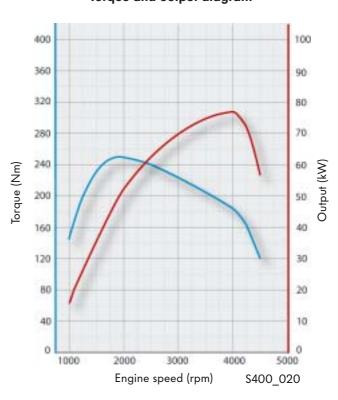




Information on the diesel particulate filter can be found in self-study programme 336 "The Catalytic Coated Diesel Particulate Filter".

Technical data

| Engine code | BXE (without diesel particulate filter) BLS (with diesel particulate filter) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine |
| Displacement | 1896 cm ³ |
| Bore | 79.5 mm |
| Stroke | 95.5 mm |
| Valves per cylinder | 2 |
| Compression ratio | 18 : 1 |
| Maximum output | 77 kW at 4000 rpm |
| Maximum torque | 250 Nm at 1900 rpm |
| Engine management | Bosch EDC 16 with unit injector system |
| Fuel | Diesel, min. 51 CN |
| Exhaust gas treatment | Exhaust gas recirculation and oxidising catalytic converter/ diesel particulate filter |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 |



Engines

The 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine with 4-valve technology

This engine is identical to the 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine in the Golf 2004.

Technical features

- Unit injectors with solenoid valves
- Adjustable turbocharger
- 4-valve technology
- Two camshafts, driven by toothed belts
- Switchable cooler for exhaust gas recirculation

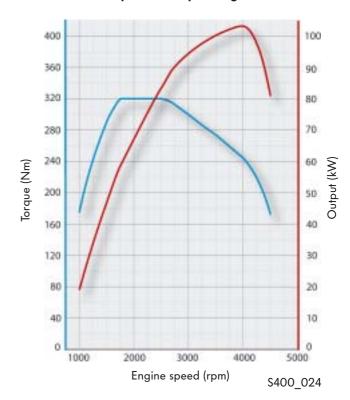




Further information on this engine can be found in self-study programme 316 "The 2.0I TDI Engine".

Technical data

| Engine and | BKD | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Engine code | BKD | |
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine | |
| Displacement | 1968 cm ³ | |
| Bore | 81 mm | |
| Stroke | 95.5 mm | |
| Valves per cylinder | 4 | |
| Compression ratio | 18 : 1 | |
| Maximum output | 103 kW at 4000 rpm | |
| Maximum torque | 320 Nm at 1750 rpm to | |
| | 2500 rpm | |
| Engine management | Bosch EDC 16 with | |
| | unit injector system | |
| Fuel | Diesel, min. 51 CN | |
| Exhaust gas | Exhaust gas recirculation | |
| treatment | and oxidation catalytic | |
| | converter | |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 | |



The 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine with 2-valve technology and diesel particulate filter

The 2.0l 103 kW TDI engine with 2-valve technology and diesel particulate filter is also available in the Golf model year 2006.

Technical features

- Unit injectors with solenoid valves
- Catalytically coated diesel particulate filter
- Turbocharger raised and rotated upwards by 180° for mounting the diesel particulate filter close to the engine
- Ceramic glow plugs



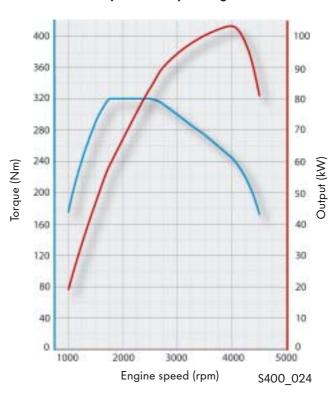
Information on the diesel particulate filter can be found in self-study programme 336 "The Catalytic Coated Diesel Particulate Filter".





Technical data

| Engine code | BMM |
|--------------------------|---|
| Туре | 4-cylinder in-line engine |
| Displacement | 1968 cm ³ |
| Bore | 81 mm |
| Stroke | 95.5 mm |
| Valves per cylinder | 2 |
| Compression ratio | 18.5 : 1 |
| Maximum output | 103 kW at 4000 rpm |
| Maximum torque | 320 Nm at 1750 rpm to 2500 rpm |
| Engine management | Bosch EDC 16 with unit injector system |
| Fuel | Diesel, min. 51 CN |
| Exhaust gas treatment | Exhaust gas recirculation and diesel particulate filter |
| Emissions standard | EU 4 |



Transmission

Manual gearboxes - overview

| Manual gearbox | Technical features | Also see self-study programme No.: |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| 5-speed manual gearbox 0AF | Developed from 02T gearbox Housing reinforced, gearbox adapted to modified installation position Without speedometer sender | _ |
| 5-speed manual gearbox 0A4 | Developed from 02J gearbox Gearshift mechanism optimised, final drive reinforced, housing adapted Without speedometer sender | 328 |
| 6-speed manual gearbox 0AJ | Developed from OAG gearbox Adapted for the 1.4l 90 kW TSI engine, extended output shaft, distance between output shaft and differential increased, sheet metal bearing mounting replaced by cast bearing mounting for higher torques, toothing ground Final drive reinforced, splines adapted for higher torques, housing adapted Without speedometer sender | 306 |
| 6-speed manual gearbox 02S | Developed from 02J gearbox Gearshift mechanism optimised Longer shafts with additional bearings, additional gear pair, new, longer aluminium housing cover, housing adapted to the installation position Without speedometer sender | 306 |
| 6-speed manual gearbox 02Q | Developed from 02M gearbox Changes to selector shaft, selector forks with stops in housing, modified bearings Without speedometer sender | 306 |



Automatic gearboxes - overview

| Automatic gearbox | Technical features | Also see self-study programme No.: |
|---|--|---|
| 6-speed direct-shift gearbox 02E | 6-speed direct-shift gearbox 02E is equipped with a hydraulic double clutch. It combines the advantages of a manual gearbox, such as high efficiency, robustness and sportiness, with the advantages of an automatic gearbox, i.e. high comfort, especially on changing gears. | 308 |
| 7-speed double-clutch gearbox OAM | 7-speed double-clutch gearbox OAM has been developed from direct-shift gearbox O2E. In contrast to the O2E, it operates with a double clutch, an electric oil pump for the hydraulic system and separate oil circuits for the gearbox and mechatronics. | 390 |
| 6-speed automatic gearbox 09G | 6-speed automatic gearbox 09G is a compact, light, electronically controlled gearbox for transverse mounting. | 309 |



Running gear

The running gear

The Golf Variant 2007's running gear continues the high standard of comfort and dynamics in its A platform

The Golf Variant is also equipped with modern McPherson strut front suspension. The modern four-link rear suspension deserves particular emphasis in terms of its vehicle dynamics and ride comfort.

The electromechanical power steering gives the driver a precise steering feel and continuously adapts the required steering forces to the vehicle's increasing speed.

The springs and shock absorbers have been matched to the vehicle's increased axle loads.

• Electronic stabilisation programme based on the MK60 system from **Continental Teves**



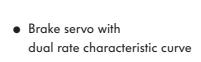


• Electromechanical power steering system, 2nd generation

• Modern McPherson strut front suspension

• Direct anti-roll bar connection with a

ratio of 1:1







Further information on the running gear can be found in self-study programme No. 321 "The Golf 2004 Running Gear".



• Four-link rear suspension with very good vehicle dynamics and comfort characteristics

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• Track and camber separately adjustable on the rear axle

optional with Trendline, standard with Comfortline

• Vertical accelerator pedal with contact-free senders for the accelerator pedal position



Electrical system

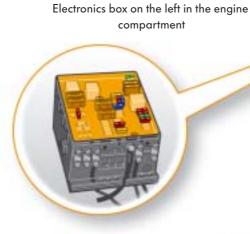
The fuse boxes and relay positions in the vehicle electrical system

Installation locations

The electrical system in the Golf Variant 2007 has been taken from the Jetta 2006 and has only been modified in the rear area. The installation locations of the electronics box, the pre-fuse box, the fuse box and the relay carrier are identical to those in the Golf.

The adjacent illustration shows the installation locations.

Relay carrier beneath dash panel on lefthand side, above the onboard supply control unit



Pre-fuse box on the left in the engine compartment



Fuse box in the dash panel on the lefthand side





Relay carrier on the onboard supply control unit, beneath the dash panel on the left-hand side



More detailed information on the electrical system can be found in self-study programme 319
"The Golf 2004 Electrical System".

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Electrical system

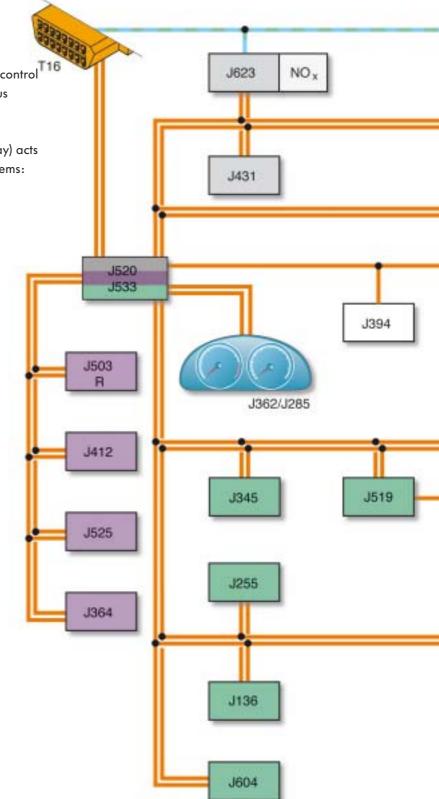
The networking concept

Overview of networked electronic control units

To ensure flawless data exchange between the control units, these are networked via various data bus systems.

The data bus diagnostic interface J533 (gateway) acts as the interface for the following data bus systems:

- CAN drive data bus
- CAN convenience data bus
- CAN infotainment data bus
- CAN instrument cluster data bus
- CAN diagnostic data bus





Control units connected to

CAN drive data bus

CAN convenience data bus

CAN infotainment data bus

CAN sensor data bus

LIN data bus

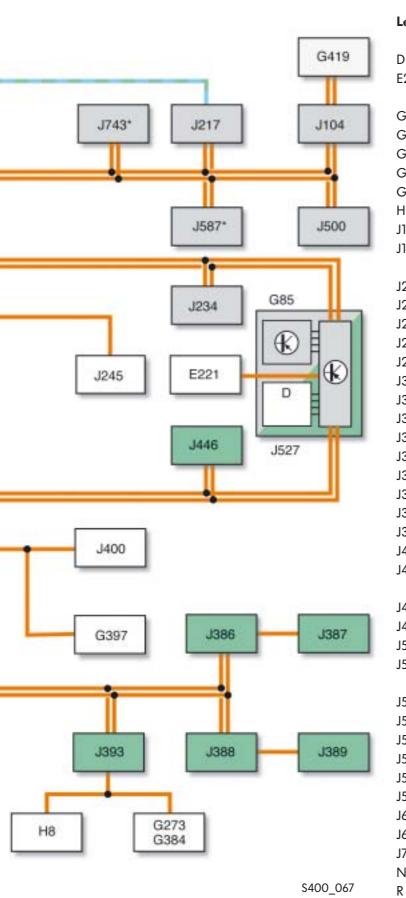
CAN instrument cluster data bus

CAN diagnostic data bus

CAN data bus line
(high-speed and low-speed)

LIN data bus line

K-wire



* With double-clutch gearbox only

Legend

| Legend | | | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| D | Ignition/starter switch | | |
| E221 | Operating unit in steering wheel | | |
| | (multifunction steering wheel) | | |
| G85 | Steering angle sender | | |
| G273 | Interior monitoring sensor | | |
| G384 | Vehicle inclination sender | | |
| G397 | Rain and light sensor | | |
| G419 | ESP sensor unit | | |
| Н8 | Anti-theft alarm system horn | | |
| J104 | ABS control unit | | |
| J136 | Seat and steering column adjustment control | | |
| | unit with memory function | | |
| J217 | Automatic gearbox control unit | | |
| J234 | Airbag control unit | | |
| J245 | Sliding sunroof adjustment control unit | | |
| J255 | Climatronic control unit | | |
| J285 | Control unit in dash panel insert | | |
| J345 | Trailer detector control unit | | |
| J362 | Immobilizer control unit | | |
| J364 | Auxiliary heater control unit | | |
| J386 | Driver door control unit | | |
| J387 | Front passenger door control unit | | |
| J388 | Rear left door control unit | | |
| J389 | Rear right door control unit | | |
| J393 | Convenience system central control unit | | |
| J394 | Sunroof roller blind control unit | | |
| J400 | Wiper motor control unit | | |
| J412 | Mobile telephone operating electronics | | |
| | control unit | | |
| J431 | Headlight range control, control unit | | |
| J446 | Parking aid control unit | | |
| J500 | Power steering control unit | | |
| J503 | Control unit with display for radio and | | |
| | navigation | | |
| J519 | Onboard supply control unit | | |
| J520 | Onboard supply control unit 2 | | |
| J525 | Digital sound package control unit | | |
| J527 | Steering column electronics control unit | | |
| J533 | Data bus diagnostic interface | | |
| J587* | Selector lever sensor control unit | | |
| J604 | Auxiliary air heater control unit | | |
| J623 | Engine control unit | | |
| J743* | Mechatronic unit for direct shift gearbox | | |
| NOx | NOx sensor | | |

Radio

Diagnostic connection

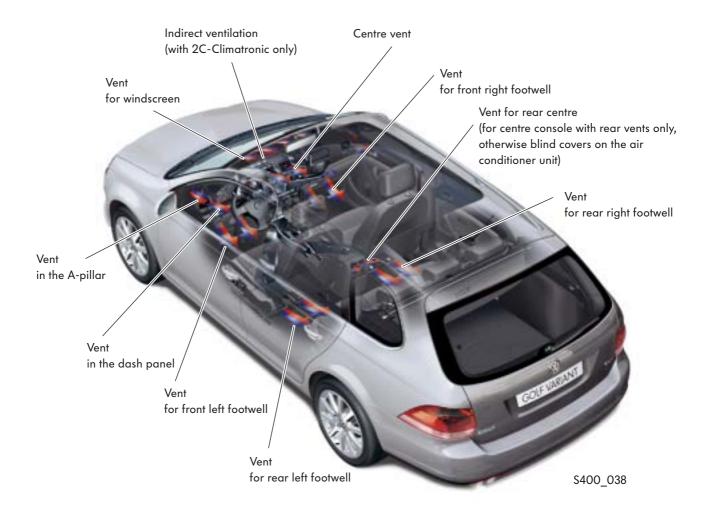
T16

Heating and air conditioning

Air conditioning

Three different systems are available in the Golf Variant 2007:

- The heater and fresh air system with 4-stage blower and recirculated air circuit
- The semi-automatic heater and air conditioner "Climatic"
- The heater and air conditioner "2C-Climatronic"





If the vehicle is fitted with a centre console with rear vents, the storage compartment in the centre console can also be cooled.



Further information on heating and air conditioning can be found in self-study programme No. 318 "The Golf 2004".



Operation

Depending on the vehicle's equipment, four different types of control panels are available for the heating and air conditioning:

- With or without instant heat button for the auxiliary coolant heater
- With or without potentiometer for the seat heating

2C-Climatronic control panel



In comparison with the previous equipment, the lettering on the right-hand button has been changed from "ECON" to "AC".

The centre button on the lower panel is labelled "DUAL". This function serves to match the temperature on the front passenger side to the temperature on the driver side. If the vehicle is fitted with an auxiliary coolant heater, this button panel serves as an instant heat button for the auxiliary coolant heater, and is labelled with the appropriate symbol.

Matching the temperature on the driver and front passenger side is then carried out via "AUTO".

Thermo Top V auxiliary coolant heater

The Golf Variant 2007 can be fitted with the optional Thermo Top V auxiliary coolant heater. This undertakes the following tasks:

- Acts as an auxiliary heater for heating the vehicle interior and defrosting the vehicle's windows,
- Acts as stationary ventilation to lower the interior temperature when the vehicle is parked in the sun,
- Acts as an additional heater in vehicles with petrol or diesel engines (instead of the PTC heater element in diesel engines).



Radio, telephone and navigation

The radio systems in the Golf Variant 2007

RCD 300 radio

The entry-level RCD 300 radio system offers the following functions:

- Four loudspeaker channels (20 Watts each), two or four channels can be optionally connected
- RDS FM/AM European radio (AM without LW)
- Indication of the stored stations with RDS names in the display
- FM 2-tuner diversity
- Control via the multi-function steering wheel (MFL) and multi-function indicator (MFI)
- Integrated single-CD player
- Control system for an external 6-disk CD changer
- Telephone control system (hands-free)
- GALA
- Self-diagnosis incl. loudspeaker diagnosis
- Driving school function, must be explicitly ordered (indication of turn signal function and speed via the display - coding function)
- Playback of music CDs in MP3 format



\$400 057

RCD 500 radio

The higher-quality RCD 500 radio system offers the following functions:

- Four loudspeaker channels (20 Watts each)
- RDS FM/AM European radio (AM without LW)
- Indication of the stored stations with RDS names in the display
- FM 2-tuner phase diversity
- Control via MFW and MFD
- Integrated 6-disk CD changer
- Control system for an external 6-disk CD changer
- Telephone control system (hands-free)
- GALA
- Traffic Information Memory (TIM)
- Vehicle model-specific sound adaptation
- Self-diagnosis incl. loudspeaker diagnosis
- Optional connection of an external sound amplifier
- Optional playback of music CDs in MP3 format



S400 058



The cover frame has to be removed to remove or install a radio, in order to access the threaded connection located behind it.



Radio/navigation system RNS 300

The entry-level radio/navigation system RNS 300 offers the following functions:

- Two-colour display (navigation via symbols)
- Four loudspeaker channels, two or four channels can be optionally connected
- 1 tuner principle for FM including TMC
- Dynamic guidance via TMC (Traffic Message Channel)
- Integrated CD player
- Control system for CD changer
- Navigation without navigation CD inserted (corridor function)
- Playback of music CDs in CDA, WMA and MP3 format



\$400_059

Radio/navigation system MFD 2

The higher-quality radio/navigation system MFD 2 with integrated navigation system offers the following functions:

- Multi-colour display (MFD)
- Dynamic guidance via TMC (Traffic Message Channel)
- Four loudspeaker channels (20 Watts each)
- RDS FM/AM European radio (AM without LW)
- Indication of the stored stations with RDS names in the display
- Control via MFW and MFD
- Audio CDs can also be played via the internal DVD player
- Control system for an external 6-disk CD changer
- Telephone control system (hands-free)
- GALA
- TIM
- Can be combined with Volkswagen Sound and Dynaudio
- Self-diagnosis incl. loudspeaker diagnosis



S400_060



For further information on radios, please refer to self-study programme 342 "Radio Systems".



Radio, telephone and navigation

Universal Mobile Phone Preparation (UMPP) Low

In the Golf Variant 2007, Universal Mobile Phone Preparation Low is fitted exclusively with BluetoothTM technology.

The data are transmitted via BluetoothTM from the mobile phone to the mobile telephone operating electronics control unit

A cradle for the specific mobile phone model is required to hold the mobile phone in the mounting and to use the hands-free system.

The mobile telephone operating electronics control unit communicates with the other control units via the CAN infotainment data bus.

UMPP Low is suitable for the mobile telephone D and E networks.

UMPP Low has the following functions:

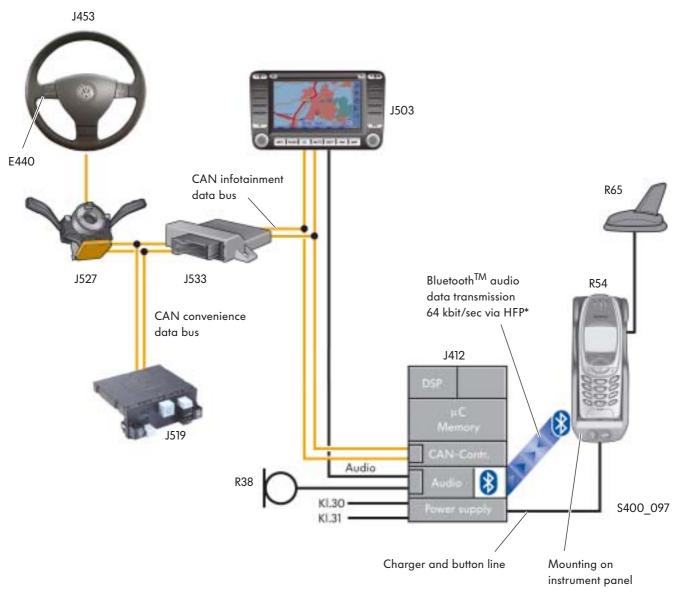
- Operation and display are carried out on the mobile phone and partly via the multifunction steering wheel (optional).
- It has a hands-free system and radio mute switching.
- The mobile telephone's rechargeable battery is charged via the mobile phone mounting.
- The info and breakdown buttons are located on the mobile phone mounting. These signals are transferred via a discrete cable connection.
- The vehicle is equipped with a GSM vehicle antenna system, which is connected directly to the mounting.
- There is a CAN data bus interface to the CAN infotainment data bus.
- Data transfer between the mobile phone and the mobile telephone operating electronics control unit takes place via a BluetoothTM interface.
- This UMPP is diagnosis-capable.
- The power-down time can be set (max. 60 minutes).





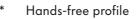
As the mobile telephone is always connected via the BluetoothTM interface, a pairing process has to be carried out once.

Please check the latest VOTEX information at www.volkswagen-zubehoer.de for the availability of telephone mountings for the various mobile phones.



Legend

| E440 | Multifunction buttons on left in steering wheel | J519 | Onboard supply control unit |
|------|---|------|--|
| | (optional) | J527 | Steering column electronics control unit |
| J412 | Mobile telephone operating electronics | J533 | Data bus diagnostic interface |
| | control unit | R38 | Telephone microphone |
| J453 | Multifunction steering wheel control unit | R54 | Mobile telephone |
| | (optional) | R65 | Telephone aerial |
| J503 | Control unit with display for radio and | | |
| | navigation | | |

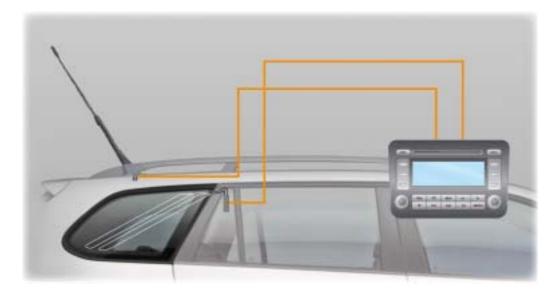




Radio, telephone and navigation

The aerial concept

Radio systems RCD 300 and RCD 500

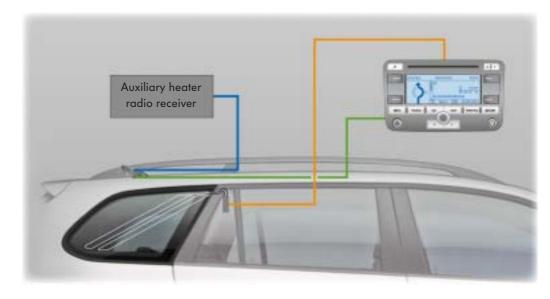


S400 061

The RCD 300 and RCD 500 radio systems require two aerials for the internal dual-tuner diversity receiver to receive radio signals. The AM/FM aerial is designed as a roof mounted aerial.

The FM aerial is located in the rear right side window.

Radio/navigation system RNS 300



\$400_062

The RNS 300 radio/navigation system only requires one aerial for the internal 1 tuner radio receiver radio signals. The AM/FM aerial is located in the rear right side window.

The signals for telephone, auxiliary heater and navigation are received via a separate roof aerial.



Radio/navigation system RNS MFD



S400_098

The RNS MFD radio/navigation system requires two aerials for the internal dual-tuner diversity receiver to receive radio signals. The AM/FM aerial is located in the rear right side window, the FM aerial in the rear left side window.

The signals for telephone, auxiliary heater and navigation are received via a separate roof aerial.





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Volkswagen AG Service Training VSQ-1 Brieffach 1995 D-38436 Wolfsburg

 $\ensuremath{\Re}$ This paper has been manufactured from pulp bleached without the use of chlorine.